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# ILLINOIS STATE CAPITOL



JESSE WHITE • SECRETARY OF STATE

## CAPITOL COMPLEX

1855 ..... Governor's mansion built

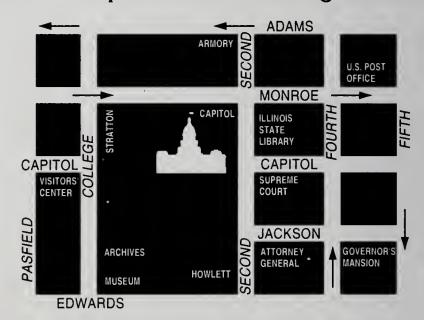
1867 ..... Legislature authorizes 6th Capitol

1868 ..... Capitol groundbreaking

1877 ..... Legislature meets in Capitol

1888 ..... Capitol construction completed

1908 ..... Supreme Court Building dedicated



1923 ..... Centennial Building completed

1934 ..... State Arsenal Building burns, replaced in 1937 by the **Armory** 

1938 ..... Archives Building completed

1955 ..... Stratton Building completed

1972 ..... Attorney General's Building dedicated

1988 ...... Capitol Centennial and end of 20 years of renovation

1990 ..... Illinois State Library opened

1992 ..... Centennial Building is renamed the Michael J. Howlett Building

1995 ..... Archives renamed the Margaret Cross Norton Building

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### CAPITOL FACTS AND LOCATION

• The present Capitol Building is the state's sixth and the second located in Springfield.

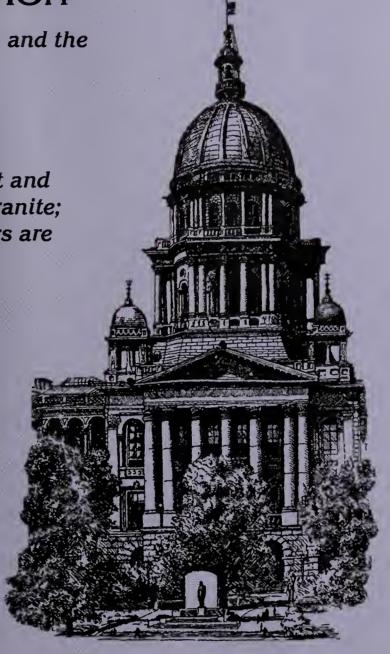
• Total cost: \$4,315,591

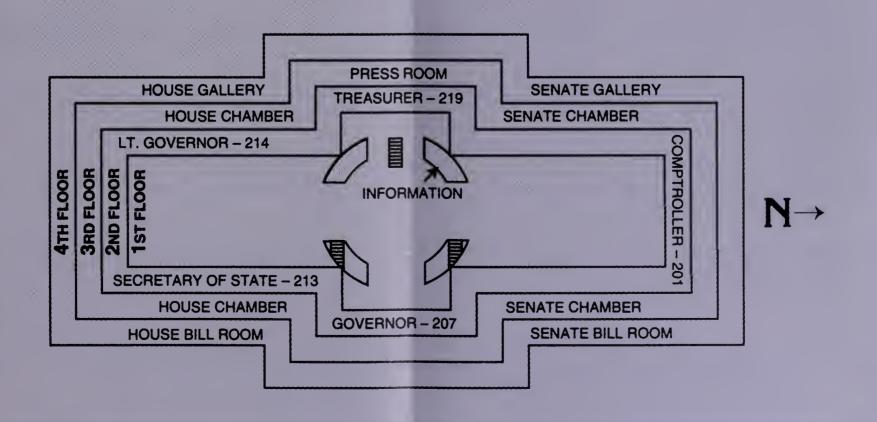
• Design: Shape of a Latin Cross

• Materials: Outer walls are limestone from Joliet and Lemont, IL; north and east portico pillars are granite; grand staircase, second floor columns and floors are domestic and imported multi-colored marbles.

• Constructed of: 750,000 cu. ft. of cut stone; 20 million bricks; 1.4 million lbs. of wrought iron; and 3.4 million lbs. of cast iron.

- Foundation: Dome foundation is 92.5 ft. in diameter. Its 17-ft. thick limestone walls are based on solid rock 25.5 ft. below the grade line. The foundation for the outer walls varies from 11 to 16 ft. below the grade line. Walls are 9 ft. thick up to the first floor.
- Dimensions: East-West—268 ft. North-South—379 ft. Dome Ht.—361 ft. Flag Ht.—405 ft.





# CAPITO LLINOIS STATE



A beautiful stained glass representation of the state seal shows archaic spelling of the word "sovereignty" by the original artist.



Early construction of the current Capitol building.



A 1930s photo of the Capitol from Second Street



In 1944, state officials discovered the Capitol's original cornerstone, which had been lost for more than 70 years.

The story of our State Capitol building began in 1867 when the legislature authorized construction. It is the second State Capitol located in Springfield.

The original design for the building was created by Chicago architect John C. Cochrane, who formed a partnership with Alfred H. Piquenard. A railroad line from the Toledo, Wabash and Western was built to encircle the Capitol and provide easy access for building materials. The railway spur came from an existing line on Tenth Street and paralleled Monroe to the site of the future Capitol.

The project proceeded until delayed by Piquenard's death in 1876 and halted by a lack of funds in 1877. The project continued in 1884 with new funds and a fresh perspective from architect W. W. Boyington, who also designed Chicago's Water Tower building.

A quirk of fate prevented Chicago from possibly becoming Illinois' 4th Capital. The General Assembly planned to convene its fall 1871 session there until the Great Chicago Fire occurred on October 8 and 9

October 8 and 9.
Instead, Springfield remained the Capital city, and on January 3, 1877, the General Assembly convened its first session in the new building.

The project was completed in 1888 at a cost of \$4.3 million, and a balance of \$6.35 was returned to the state treasury.



The House Chamber is located in the south wing of the third floor.



The Illinois Senate is located in the north wing of the third floor.

### VISITOR INFORMATION

### **BUILDING HOURS:**

Weekdays: 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Closed: Thanksgiving,

Christmas, New Year's Day.

CAPITOL TOURS: Tours are given every half hour, weekdays and hourly Saturday, except noon. For information, call (217) 782-2099. Tour Hours: 9 a.m. to 3 p.m.

CAPITOL HISTORY PROGRAM: Visitor's Center, one block west of Capitol; closed Sundays.

VISITOR PARKING: Visitor's Center, one block west of Capitol.

HOUSE AND SENATE VISITORS'

**GALLERIES:** House, fourth floor, south wing. Senate, fourth floor, north wing.

**LEGISLATIVE INFORMATION:** Legislative Reference Bureau, 112 Capitol, first floor, south wing.

### CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS:

Governor - 207 Capitol Lt. Governor - 214 Capitol Attorney General - 500 S. Second St. Secretary of State - 213 Capitol State Comptroller - 201 Capitol State Treasurer - 219 Capitol

ACCESSIBILITY FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES: All elevators have control panels in Braille. Ramps are located where steps and curbs may be obstacles.

- Parking: Three spaces at the south entrance
- Entrances: South and east
- Restrooms: Nine restrooms







A message from the Secretary

### WELCOME TO THE CAPITOL

Welcome to the Illinois State Capitol.

As Illinois Secretary of State, one of my responsibilities is to preserve and maintain the Capitol complex, including this unique building dating back to its groundbreaking in 1868.

I hope you take the opportunity to fully enjoy the unique architecture, the spectacular artwork and the numerous statues that can be found throughout the State Capitol. Many great Illinoisans are honored here for their unwavering commitment to help make Illinois what it is today — a great place to live, work and raise a family.

On the third floor you will find the chambers of the Illinois House of Representatives and the Illinois Senate. This is where the people who represent you come together to formulate policy and debate the ideas and laws needed to continue to make Illinois a great state.

Enjoy your visit to the Illinois State Capitol and the entire Capitol complex. Thank you for visiting.

JESSE White

Secretary of State